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Tropical Storm Jangmi Prompts Evacuations in Southern Japan

Tropical Storm Jangmi, recently downgraded from a typhoon, is steadily weakening as it tracks across southern Japan. However, severe to locally extreme rainfall amounts and tropical storm-force winds are expected to impact both the southern Islands and more mainland areas through Wednesday. Widespread evacuations have already been carried out in flood and landslide-prone areas of Okinawa and Kagoshima. Additional evacuation orders are anticipated further north over the next 24 to 48 hours. Following interactions with the southern islands, Jangmi is expected to turn to the northeast, across the southern coast of mainland Japan. This will pull heavy rain and strong winds across Kyushu, Shikoku, and southern Honshu, likely resulting in significant disruptions through at least midweek. Widespread air and rail cancellations, as well as road closures, are expected.

For Tokyo, elevated winds and rain are expected as early as Tuesday afternoon, with the center making its closest approach by midday Wednesday. The system is forecast to produce rainfall accumulations of 100-150 mm (4-6 in) to the city, with locally higher amounts possible. Locally significant flash flooding, river flooding, and landslides are possible, especially where bands of heavy rain repeatedly move across the same locations. The Japan Meteorological Agency will expand warnings in the coming days.

Demonstrations Surrounding Hunger Strike at Newark Detention Center Grow Violent, Prompting Curfew

A hunger strike launched at the Delaney Hall Detention Facility in Newark, New Jersey on May 22 to protest the treatment of hundreds of detainees is driving disruptive demonstrations both in support of and against Immigrations and Customs Enforcement (ICE) activities and the Trump administration's broader enforcement priorities. Both detainees and outside observers, including activists and civil rights groups have denounced the conditions at Delaney Hall, with unrest over the issue entering a 10th day today after clashes the previous weekend between demonstrators supporting detainees,

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counterprotesters backing ICE, and authorities. The violence has reportedly included the dismantling of barricades, fireworks and gas cannisters launched toward law enforcement, and other improvised weapons.

The incident has led Newark Mayor Ras Baraka to announce an indefinite curfew, to extend a half mile from the facility in every direction between 9 pm and 6 am daily. As many as 25 demonstrators have already been arrested for refusing to disperse during the curfew window. State and local officials' efforts to establish a peaceful protest environment near the detention center could lead to further restrictions, such as the lengthening of the curfew period or its geographic expansion.

A heightened law enforcement presence, including local, state, and federal security forces, can also be expected in the vicinity. With Governor Sherrill accusing "out-of-state agitators" of being behind the worsening violence at the facility, demonstrators traveling to Newark from other states to participate may not benefit from leniency if they are detained while participating in unrest. By managing the local security environment using state and local law enforcement, New Jersey officials hope to forestall a federal security intervention or enforcement operation similar to those that triggered widespread unrest in Los Angeles, Minneapolis, and other U.S. population centers.

Colombia Presidential Runoff Set Amid Disputed Results and Heightened Political Tensions

Colombia heads to a presidential runoff on June 21 after no candidate secured the required 50 percent majority in the first round of voting over the weekend. Preliminary results indicate that Abelardo de la Espriella received 43.7 percent of the vote, while Senator Iván Cepeda obtained 40.9 percent, setting up what will likely be a closely contested runoff.

The results have already fueled political tensions. President Gustavo Petro announced he would only recognize official scrutinized results, a process potentially lasting up to a week. De la Espriella responded by warning against challenges to the electoral outcome and urging security forces to uphold the constitutional order if the government refuses to accept certified results.

The election has largely become a referendum on the policies of outgoing President Petro, particularly on security, economic reforms, and relations with the United States. De la Espriella has campaigned on a hardline anti-crime platform and closer alignment with Washington, while Cepeda has pledged to continue and expand Petro-era social and economic reforms, including land redistribution and healthcare initiatives.

Cepeda has also indicated that he will continue Petro's efforts to secure a peace deal with the myriad armed groups that control large portions of the country and that have grown their influence during Petro's tenure.

Analysts highlight this as one of Colombia's most polarized elections in recent years. Although no major security incidents occurred on election day, the nation remains deeply divided between the candidates' supporters. Political uncertainty is expected to linger until the final certified results are released.

Climate and Natural Hazards

- **Heavy Rainfall May Trigger Flooding Across Southern South Africa:** A slow-moving storm system is expected to bring widespread heavy rainfall and thunderstorms to southern South Africa from June 3-4. Rainfall totals of 100-150 mm (4-6 in), with localized amounts approaching 200 mm (8 in), may lead to dangerous flash flooding and road closures particularly in coastal areas between East London and George. Some warnings have already been issued.
- **Philippines Facing Flood Threat Due to Southwest Monsoon:** Tropical Storm Jangmi has helped intensify the southwest monsoon, known locally as a 'habagat,' across western portions of the Philippines. Coastal and western-facing areas of Luzon will face scattered to persistent heavy rain through at least the first week of June, leading to a considerable flood and landslide threat. The latest forecast model data shows a strong signal for up to 200-300 mm across northwestern Luzon, with 100-200 mm of rain forecast in Manila. This pattern may also result in weak tropical formation near Taiwan or Okinawa, Japan, followed by a northeast track, but forecast confidence remains low at this time.
- **Elevated Severe Weather Threat Across the Central and Eastern United States:** Scattered strong to severe thunderstorms are expected across portions of the Central Plains, Lower Mississippi Valley, Tennessee Valley, and Northern Plains through the next 24 to 48 hours. Damaging winds and large hail will be the primary hazards, with isolated tornadoes and localized flash flooding also possible. Areas from eastern Colorado and western Kansas to Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Arkansas could experience travel disruptions, scattered outages, and localized storm damage as multiple rounds of thunderstorms move across the region.
- **Storm System Bringing Heavy Rain and Damaging Winds to Southern Australia:** A large and slow-moving storm system is impacting South Australia, Tasmania, and Victoria with scattered heavy rain, strong winds, and elevated flood concerns. Rainfall totals of 50-100 mm (2-4 in), with locally higher amounts, may lead to flash flooding, river rises, and travel disruptions, while wind gusts exceeding 100 km/h (60 mph) could result in downed trees, power outages, and hazardous coastal conditions.
- **El Niño Forecasts Trending Even More Aggressive:** Forecast models are increasingly pointing toward a very strong El Niño by late 2026, with the CFSv2 model showing an unusually aggressive peak near +3.9°C. That would be far above the strongest events in NOAA's historical record: 2015-16 peaked around +2.8°C, 1997-98 around +2.4°C, and 1982-83 around +2.5°C. A strong or extreme El Niño can shift global weather risk toward more disruptive floods, heat, drought, wildfire conditions, infrastructure strain, travel disruption, and supply chain volatility.

Worldwide

- **Pride Month Begins Alongside Other Major Events, Likely Protest Activity:** June 1 marks the official start of LGBTQ Pride month, and organizers across the globe are planning several major parades and celebrations, including many that will overlap with the World Cup and other prominent events. Noteworthy parades in this category include Los Angeles on June 14, San

Francisco and Mexico City on June 27, and Toronto on June 28. In Seattle, both the Egyptian and Iranian teams have objected to planned Pride-related events and branding during their June 26 match. Elsewhere, the risk of counter demonstrators and repression by security forces are the more salient concerns. Germany has seen protesters increasingly target Christopher Street Day events, while in Istanbul, organizers are pushing forward with plans for a Trans Pride Week from June 15-21, despite police regularly arresting participants each year. More information regarding Pride events across the world can be found in our Situation Report.

- **Bolivia Protests Escalate as Lawmakers Advance State of Emergency Legislation:** Bolivia's president says the country is at a "breaking point" after more than a month of major protests that have triggered shortages of food, fuel, and medicine and turned La Paz into the center of nationwide unrest. Demonstrations led by workers, Indigenous groups, transport unions, and supporters of former president Evo Morales have increasingly escalated into violent clashes with police, with protesters demanding the resignation of President Rodrigo Paz amid growing anger over economic hardship and government policies. As of this writing, the national road authority reported more than 90 active road blockades across six departments, with the epicenter of disruptions shifting to Cochabamba, which recorded the highest concentration of new blockade points. The blockades have severely restricted the movement of goods and fuel, contributing to widespread shortages and transport disruptions. The government continues to call for dialogue but has not ruled out declaring a state of emergency or deploying the military if negotiations fail, while accusing Morales and allied groups of helping drive the unrest.
- **First National Election in Ethiopia Since End of Civil War Threatens Fragile Peace:** Ethiopia's parliamentary election, which are being held today, carry with them significant implications for the country's future security. Prime Minister Abiy Ahemd's Prosperity Party is predicted to win, and the government has suspended voting in 46 constituencies around the restive Tigray and Amhara regions. The TPLF's announcement of the restoration of a pre-conflict legislative council, in violation of the 2022 Pretoria Agreement, is further straining the fragile peace deal that ended conflict with the Tigray People's Liberation Front (TPLF). Without broader political settlement that balances regional autonomy with national cohesion, Ethiopia risks continued instability from ethnic polarization, separatist sentiment, and localized armed conflict.
- **Anti-AI Activism Raises Concerns Over Violence and Unrest:** U.S. authorities and security analysts are warning that opposition to Artificial Intelligence and its supporting infrastructure could evolve from activism into isolated acts of political violence, potentially fueling large-scale unrest and violent extremism. Concerns have grown alongside the rapid expansion of data centers driven by the AI boom, with intelligence assessments reportedly identifying "anti-tech violent extremism" as an emerging threat. Armed conflict and protest monitor ACLED recorded nearly 75 demonstrations against data centers construction through May 2026, largely driven by concerns over water use, electricity demand, and environmental impacts. Political opposition is also increasing, with hundreds of bills proposed to restrict data center development and local officials facing mounting backlash, including an April shooting targeting an Indianapolis councilman who supported a data center project. Future risks will depend on infrastructure

impacts and public confidence in AI. The issue also comes ahead of the G7 summit in France, where President Trump is expected to promote U.S. developed AI and digital infrastructure initiatives.

- **Russian Drone Hits Romanian Apartment Building in Latest Instance of Ukraine War Impacting Neighboring Countries:** Romania said a Russian drone struck an apartment building in Galati during an attack on Ukraine, wounding two and marking the first time that a densely populated area of a NATO country had been hit during the ongoing war in Ukraine. The incident is the latest and most significant case of the war overspilling its borders and impacting neighboring countries, a pattern that Russian officials have warned will continue. The accelerating pace and severity of the incidents have led some in Europe to worry that, as Russia faces increasing headwinds in its campaign in Ukraine, it may look to escalate beyond Ukraine's border, with the drone strikes in neighboring countries testing NATO's willingness to confront Russian forces. Other analysts have suggested that the increased pressure on Europe may be part of an effort to persuade other countries to force Kyiv to accept terms more favorable to Russia and end the war. The apparent strategy comes as Ukraine has seen success targeting energy infrastructure deep within Russian territory with its own drone arsenal.
- **Iran Suspends Negotiations With U.S. Amid U.S. Strikes While Israel Advances in Lebanon:** Iran has suspended negotiations with the United States and threatened to "completely" block the Strait of Hormuz following new U.S. strikes on Iranian military assets near the strategic waterway and in the south of the country. U.S. Central Command said the attacks targeted radar, drone, and air-defense systems in response to Iranian actions, including the downing of a U.S. drone, while Tehran condemned the operation as a ceasefire violation and claimed retaliatory strikes against a U.S.-linked Gulf airbase. Meanwhile, Israel has expanded military operations in southern Lebanon, capturing key terrain near Beaufort Castle and advancing toward the southern hub of Nabatieh. Hezbollah responded with rocket attacks into northern Israel, prompting additional Israeli strikes near Beirut. The escalation has drawn international concern, with France calling for an emergency UN Security Council meeting. Prospects for de-escalation remain limited as ceasefire efforts have failed to halt military operations and diplomatic initiatives face significant political obstacles.

Cyber and Regulatory

- **Commercial Location Data Poses Growing Threat to U.S. Troops:** U.S. Military personnel deployed in active combat zones are reportedly being targeted and surveilled through commercially available location data collected from smartphones. U.S. Cyber Command acknowledged receiving multiple reports of adversaries exploiting location information to track military personnel, marking one of the first official confirmations that consumer data is being used against American forces in operational environments. The Department of Defense (DOD) has been criticized for failing to implement stronger protections despite years of warnings that mobile apps, advertising identifiers, and commercial tracking services could expose troop movements and patterns of life. Security researchers have previously demonstrated how location

data purchased from brokers could reveal activity at sensitive military installations and operational staging areas.

- **AI-Generated Code Raises Software Security Concerns:** The rapid adoption of AI-assisted software development is fueling concerns that organizations are prioritizing speed over code quality, creating what some software engineers describe as poorly understood, AI-generated code pushed into production with limited human review. Developers increasingly use tools like Claude, GitHub Copilot, and Cursor to generate software from language prompts, accelerating development timelines, but also introducing security vulnerabilities and long-term maintenance challenges. Researchers and cybersecurity analysts warn that AI-generated code frequently contains insecure configurations, flawed authentication logic, and architectural weaknesses that may not be immediately apparent during testing. Recent studies have linked AI-generated code to a growing number of software vulnerabilities and maintenance issues, while open-source maintainers report increasing volumes of low-quality AI-generated contributions.
- **FBI Warns of Growing Kali365 Phishing Service:** The FBI is warning organizations that phishing-as-a-service platform Kali365 is targeting Microsoft365 users by abusing the company's device authorization process, enabling attackers to bypass traditional Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) protections. Kali365, first observed in April, captures OAuth access and refresh tokens rather than passwords, allowing the account access without repeated authorization prompts. Successful compromises can lead to access of email, files, and other cloud services, increasing the risk of fraud, data theft, extortion, and ransomware. Researchers have reported a sharp increase in device-code phishing activity. The platform reportedly costs \$250 per month, or \$2,000 per year, and includes AI-generated phishing lures, campaign automation, and real-time tracking capabilities. The threat could expand further as adoption of the service or toolkits continues, though stronger controls around OAuth app permissions or device-code authorization could reduce its effectiveness.
- **Large-Scale Phishing Networks Target FIFA World Cup:** Cybersecurity researchers have uncovered a coordinated fraud campaign targeting the 2026 FIFA World Cup, including thousands of fake FIFA websites and active phishing campaigns. Group-IB identified more than 4,300 fraudulent domains, six parallel fraud schemes, and over 2,500 FIFA account credentials already circulating on marketplaces in the dark web. The most advanced operation, dubbed Ghost Stadium, uses more than 300 phishing domains, a convincing clone of FIFA's website, and targeted Facebook advertisements to lure victims, posing a significant risk to fans, sponsors, and event stakeholders, with losses ranging from tens of millions to billions of dollars. Estimated premium ticket fraud alone could generate \$71 million to nearly half a billion in losses, while broader fraud activity could reach the billions. Efforts by social media platforms such as Meta, domain registrars, or law enforcement to remove scam websites and supporting infrastructure could dismantle such scams before the tournament begins.
- **FBI Links VPN Provider to 25 Ransomware Groups:** The FBI has linked criminal anonymization provider First VPN Service to at least 25 ransomware groups, including Avaddon, and to activity ranging from network intrusions to botnets, denial-of-service attacks, and scams. The finding

underscores how dedicated VPN infrastructure continues to enable threat actors to conceal their operations, further complicating detection efforts. First VPN Services has reportedly operated since 2014, using infra-structure in 27 countries to mask malicious activity. The service was marketed on prominent Russian-language cybercrime forums where threat actors trade stolen data and hacking tools. The FBI also identified ties to Avaddon, a ransomware-as-a-service operation known for phishing-driven attacks against manufacturing and other critical sectors. While a recent international law enforcement operation disrupted First VPN Service infrastructure, threat actors may quickly mitigate alternative services, limiting the long-term impact of the takedown.

Infrastructure and Supply Chain

- **Climate and Geopolitical Challenges Threaten Global Food Supply:** Shifting weather patterns, regulatory pressures, and global conflict are straining farmers in some of the world's most productive agricultural economies, threatening to drive up prices and disrupt supplies of key global staples like wheat. Growers in Australia and the U.S. are struggling to address prolonged droughts and fertilizer shortages associated with the war in Iran, with some forced to adjust planting schedules in response to scarcity and rising costs. While Europe will benefit from a more productive 2025-2026 wheat season, farmers there continue to protest the high cost of inputs such as fertilizer and fuel, as well as a regulatory environment they see as reducing their competitiveness in global markets. Rising costs, drought, and consolidation are all also playing a role in the U.S. cattle herd's failure to recover from decades-low head counts, which will continue to support high beef prices on both domestic and export markets.
- **Falling Colorado River Flows Threaten Water Supply of 40 Million People:** Below-average snowfall during the 2025-2026 season, drought conditions, and other factors are having significant impacts on Colorado River water levels. The river's weakening threatens the water supply of nearly 40 million people and power generation for hundreds of thousands of downstream homes and businesses in the U.S. and Mexico. Seven U.S. states (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, Nevada, Utah, and Wyoming) forming the river's watershed share the resource based on a 1922 treaty proscribing equal allotments (a later 1944 treaty governs U.S. water sharing with Mexico). However, those agreements were based on unrealistic expectations of the river's rate of flow. Growing populations across the region and the rise of energy-intensive industries like data centers are exacerbating the problem, driving efforts to address the challenge and support the river's long-term survival without damaging local economies.
- **China-Europe Trade Conflict Could Deepen with New Regulatory Measures:** European leaders are debating increasingly severe trade measures targeting China as the continent seeks to reduce its dependence on the country, which has made significant inroads into key European sectors such as the auto industry. Comments by EU High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (and Vice-President of the European Commission) Kaja Kallas highlight European leaders' expectation that this process is "likely to be painful," with EU leaders expected to employ trade measures such as import quotas and tariffs to "shield entire industrial sectors." China has threatened to respond immediately with countermeasures that could include "anti-discrimination

and supply-chain security investigations.” Further details of the EU’s plans to address the perceived China threat, as well as opportunities for broader international cooperation on the issue, could emerge during the upcoming 2026 Group of Seven (G7) Summit in Évian, France from June 15-17.

- **Success of Samsung Workers’ Threatened Strike Prompts Other Unions to in Key Sectors to Consider Industrial Action:** Samsung Electronics’ management agreed to a landmark bonus deal after unionized employees in South Korea threatened an 18-day strike that would have disrupted chip production, caused billions in losses, and strained global semiconductor supplies. The government-mediated agreement allocates 10.5% of the company’s semiconductor operating profit to employee bonuses. The deal marks one of the most significant labor victories in Samsung’s history and is already having ripple effects across the semiconductor industry. Reports suggest that Samsung’s concessions has emboldened unions and employees at other major companies to push for similar profit-sharing arrangements. Workers at Taiwan’s TSMC have reportedly discussed unionization and possible strike action after reports of potential bonus reductions despite record profits, prompting company to provide assurances of higher bonuses. Employee frustration has been amplified by comparisons with Samsung’s generous settlement.
- **Canadian Rail Workers, UAW Employees Begin Strike Actions:** Approximately 300 Canadian Pacific Kansas City (CPKC) signal and communications workers represented by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW) began a strike on May 31 after contract negotiations failed to produce an agreement. Striking workers are responsible for installing, maintaining, and repairing railway signaling and communications systems across CPKC’s Canadian network. The railway has activated contingency plans and says rail operations will continue safely across Canada while both sides remain open to reaching a settlement. While the impact of the strike is likely to be limited in the near term, if the strike is prolonged, deferred maintenance and reduced technical support could trigger more significant supply chain disruptions. Across the border, around 1,000 UAW employees at a key General Motors truck supplier plant also began a strike, with implications for the wider automotive supply chain.

Health

- **Number of Suspected Ebola Cases Tops 1,000 as More Countries Introduce Travel Restrictions:** The number of confirmed cases of Ebola in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) has risen to over 280, while the tally of suspected cases is over 1,000. Ituri province remains the epicenter, although neighboring Uganda has reported nine cases so far, prompting Kampala to close its border with the DRC. Other countries have also implemented more stringent restrictions and screening measures for travelers from the region, including the U.S., Canada, and Mexico, who have said that they will align their public health measures to prevent the spread of the virus during the World Cup. India, Brazil, and Italy are investigating suspected cases, although tests so far have been negative for Ebola. Within the region, efforts to control the spread of the disease have run up against continued conflict and resistance from local communities. Most recently, a U.S. plan to establish a makeshift quarantine facility in Kenya for American citizens was blocked by the government and prompted hundreds to turn out in protest.

- **First Recorded Death in Australian Diphtheria Outbreak:** Australia recorded its first death from diphtheria as the Northern Territory, Western Australia, South Australia, and Queensland face the largest outbreak of the disease since 1991. Officials reported 245 cases in 2026, with a spike in February. The two strains of diphtheria are preventable by vaccine, typically administered to children, although childhood vaccinations overall in Australia have been in decline since 2020. The Australian government has announced a AU\$ 7.2 million aid package to delivered needed resources and increase vaccination levels in the affected states.
- **Survey Finds Over-The-Counter Sale of Antibiotics Contributes to Antimicrobial Resistance:** A survey of healthcare professionals across 37 countries found that over-the-counter (OTC) sales of antibiotics are not only “too common” but also “a significant barrier” to antimicrobial resistance. The global pervasive-ness of OTC antibiotic sales risks the widespread “unwarranted” use of antibiotics. Approximately 65% of respondents reported OTC antibiotic sales did not require a prescription. These results display a clear information gap in global monitoring as other environmental factors like climate change exacerbate antibiotic resistance.
- **Public Health Officials Prepare for World Cup Challenges:** The scale of the 2026 FIFA World Cup, the tournament’s cross-border nature, and the evolving global health landscape are testing public health preparedness, particularly as agencies face resource constraints and reduced international coordination. While concerns about the ongoing Ebola outbreak in Central Africa have drawn attention, experts assess the risk of international spread as low and are more focused on higher-probability threats such as measles, respiratory illnesses, heat-related illnesses, and food safety issues. Also of concern are mosquito-borne illnesses, such as chikungunya and dengue, which infected over 4,000 people in the U.S. in 2024, the most ever recorded. World Cup-related events could potentially allow enough people with those diseases to congregate, creating more favorable conditions for sustained transmission. Health authorities are expanding surveillance through wastewater monitoring, airport screening, mobile laboratories, and real-time data analysis.
- **ER Visits Due to Tick Bites in U.S. at Highest Levels in Years:** Tick activity is surging across the United States, driving emergency room visits for tick bites to their highest levels for this time of year since 2017. The Northeast remains the primary hotspot, followed by the Midwest, as warmer temperatures and changing environmental conditions expand tick habitats. Health officials warn that Lyme disease, the most common tick-borne illness in the U.S., affects an estimated 476,000 people annually and is concentrated in 14 states, particularly in the Northeast and Upper Midwest. Experts attribute the growing threat to climate change, warmer winters, and expanding tick populations. Public health officials recommend conducting thorough tick checks after outdoor activities, as prompt removal can significantly reduce the risk of Lyme disease and other tick-borne infections.

Demonstrations and Industrial Action

- **Summer Strikes Sow Transportation Disruptions Across Europe:** Portugal is bracing for widespread disruptions to transportation and public services this Wednesday, June 3, due to a nationwide general strike against the government’s labor reform. Approximately 500 flights could

be canceled, and the U.S. Embassy in Lisbon is recommending that people make “contingency plans for medical needs” due to “potential delays or reduced availability of public services, healthcare, schools, and transportation.” Across the English Channel, London is expected to see significant transportation disruptions due to a strike on its Tube network this week. In France, rail unions are threatening to strike next Wednesday, June 10. Rail workers in Italy plan to strike the next day, June 11, and air travel disruptions are possible on Saturday, June 13 during a strike by aviation sector workers.

- **Mexico Farmers and Transport Groups Plan World Cup-Eve Blockades Amid Ongoing Dispute:** Mexican farmer and transport organizations have announced a series of protests and road blockades in June that could disrupt travel and logistics around key FIFA World Cup 2026 events. First, corn producers led by Eraclio Rodríguez are planning demonstrations on June 5 in Mexico City, Guadalajara, and Monterrey, targeting venues linked to the tournament while demanding better support measures, higher crop prices, and reforms to grain market policies. Meanwhile, the National Transport Association (ANTAC) and the National Front for the Rescue of the Mexican Countryside (FNRCM) have called for a nationwide strike and large-scale highway blockades on June 11, coinciding with the World Cup opening match in Mexico City. Exact blockade locations have not been disclosed publicly, and organizers warn that actions could intensify if negotiations with federal authorities end without agreements.
- **Chile Students Call National Strike Against Kast Government:** The Confederation of Students of Chile (Confech) has called for a nationwide student strike and demonstrations on Wednesday, June 3, marking the first major student-led mobilization against the government of new President José Antonio Kast. The protests, scheduled two days after the president's State of the Nation Address, oppose education budget cuts, the Protected Schools initiative, and the government's broader reform agenda, including the contro-versial Miscellaneous Law. Demonstrations are expected in multiple cities across Chile and could lead to localized disruptions near universities, schools, and government buildings.
- **Peru National Transport Strike Planned Over Fuel Costs and Security Concerns:** Transport unions representing urban, interprovincial, and heavy cargo operators across Peru have called for a nationwide strike on Tuesday, June 2, citing the government's failure to implement fuel subsidies, soft loans, and tax relief measures that were reportedly agreed upon in recent months. Union leaders also highlight a sharp increase in diesel prices, growing extortion and security threats targeting transport companies and drivers, and ongoing financial pressures on formal operators. Heavy cargo groups have stated that they do not plan to block highways, instead opting for a suspension of operations ("engine shutdown"), but significant disruptions to public transportation, freight services, and the distribution of goods are likely in Lima, Callao, and other regions.
- **Somalian Opposition Plans Protests Amid Political Instability:** The political opposition bloc Somali Salvation Council is calling for weekly demonstrations in the capital city of Mogadishu beginning this Thursday, June 4, as the government faces a legitimacy crisis. Negotiations over the country's elections and constitution collapsed in mid-May, with opposition leaders urging that

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Somalian President Hassan Sheikh Mohamud be recognized as a former president after his term expired on May 15. President Mohamud instead claims that his government's mandate runs until May 15, 2027. Protests in Mogadishu have a history of quickly turning violent. In early May, security forces killed at least one person during a demonstration against government-ordered evictions.

Upcoming Events

- June 1: General Elections (Ethiopia)
- June 1-30: Pride Month (Global)
- June 5: Naksa Day (Israel, Gaza, and the West Bank)
- June 7: Parliamentary Election (Armenia)
- June 7: Presidential Election Runoff (Peru)
- June 7: Parliamentary Election (Kosovo)
- June 11-July 19: FIFA World Cup (Canada, Mexico, United States)
- June 12: Democracy Day (Nigeria)
- June 14: International Children's Day (Global)
- June 14: Flag Day (United States)
- June 14: President Donald Trump's Birthday (United States)
- June 15-17: G7 Summit (Évian-les-Bains, France)
- June 16: Muharram (Global) Date may vary based on location
- June 19: Juneteenth (United States)
- June 19: Dragon Boat Festival (China)
- June 21: Presidential Election Runoff (Colombia)